

WSIS+20 Zero Draft Matrix – Internet Society Analysis (v1)

3 October 2025

The Internet Society welcomes the opportunity to submit our comments on the WSIS+20 Zero Draft. We commend the co-facilitators' leadership and openness in facilitating stakeholders' participation in the WSIS+20 review process, including providing feedback on the Zero Draft. We believe that continued openness and transparency throughout the negotiations on the text will be essential for a successful review. We strongly encourage the co-facilitators and member states to deepen their engagement with non-governmental stakeholders as negotiations advance. It is vital that the review genuinely reflects the views of all stakeholders.

In this review, it is important that member states formally recognize that the tremendous growth in global Internet connectivity and digital transformation has been enabled by the more than 75,000 globally distributed interconnected independent networks using open standards developed by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) and other Internet standards bodies, advancements in Internet security technologies and applications such as end-to-end encryption that are available to all users, and the stewardship of essential Internet resources such as IP addresses, domain names and the Domain Name System (DNS) by the Internet technical community. All of this was achieved through multistakeholder mechanisms and collaboration across borders and disciplines. This global cooperation between many stakeholders, in many countries, from many cultures, is more essential than ever if we hope to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals by 2030.

We would also like to thank the co-facilitators for the Zero Draft, which provides a good starting point. We are pleased to see that stakeholder feedback from consultations on the Elements Paper and the co-facilitators' engagement with the WSIS community have been taken into account. This includes reflecting the general consensus that the resolution must reaffirm critical WSIS commitments around a people-centered, inclusive, and development-oriented information society, multistakeholder Internet governance, and make the Internet Governance Forum (IGF) a permanent forum of the United Nations. These commitments are non-negotiable. Further, with 20 20-year proven track record, it is time for UN member states to affirm that Internet governance will always be multistakeholder.



For two decades, the Internet Governance Forum (IGF) has served as the world's primary multistakeholder platform for dialogue on Internet governance. The IGF's strength lies in its structure. What began as a single global meeting has evolved into a dynamic, year-round ecosystem supported by over 170 national and regional IGFs (NRIs), as well as a growing track of intersessional work. This growth has been driven by the needs of participants—governments, technical experts, civil society, business, and academia—each finding value in a space designed for neutral, globally accessible cooperation. We would like to see stronger recognition of NRIs' role in advancing multistakeholder collaboration in regions and within member states, and a commitment to continue to expand those efforts. Further, the IGF secretariat should be strengthened to ensure its continued evolution and to provide additional support for NRIs and intersessional activities.

We encourage the co-facilitators and UN member states to consult closely with non-governmental stakeholders during negotiations of the text of the resolution to ensure that those stakeholders' perspectives on the 20-year review of the WSIS framework are included, and to recognize the important role that they have in how the Internet is developed, operated, managed, and governed. We welcome strengthening the accountability for the implementation of the WSIS Action Lines and calls to further develop the arrangements from the Tunis Agenda and the Summit of the Future to continue to support the implementation of the WSIS vision and objectives and the integration of the Global Digital Compact (GDC).

On Enhanced Cooperation, we note that the WSIS+10 outcome document observed that there were divergent views regarding the process for implementation of enhanced cooperation. Noting that the GDC reaffirms that Internet governance must continue to be global and multi-stakeholder in nature and should continue to follow the provisions set forth in the Tunis Agenda and the Geneva Declarations, including in relation to enhanced cooperation. We observe that this has best occurred via bottom-up participatory processes. A robust example is the vast number of national and regional IGFs and schools of Internet governance that continue to emerge every year. We would like to see an ongoing commitment from all stakeholders to support these national and regional efforts and ensure that their outcomes are brought to the Internet Governance Forum.

We see important areas in which the Zero Draft should be strengthened. While the draft acknowledges the IGF's value and provides a permanent mandate, it stops short of outlining a clear pathway for securing sustainable, long-term funding, instead opting to ask the Secretary-General to come back later with a proposal. As we noted in our response to the Elements Paper, financial sustainability is critical to preserving the IGF's independence, relevance, and capacity to support stakeholder engagement globally. Existing IGF funders, such as the Internet Society, and other stakeholders should be part of any long-term funding discussion and its mandate. Further, the draft fails to recognize important milestones in the evolution of multistakeholder governance, the



2014 NETmundial principles to guide Internet governance, and the 2024 NETmundial+10 Multistakeholder Statement: Strengthening Internet governance and digital policy processes.

There is still considerable work to be done to realize an enabling environment that will support meaningful connectivity and an open, globally connected, secure, and trustworthy Internet. In this context, it is imperative that the draft more explicitly call out the elements that help provide an enabling environment, such as measures to foster investment, innovation, and technological development. These include open access to data, proportionate taxation and licensing fees, access to finance, efficient allocation of the radio frequency spectrum, infrastructure sharing models, and community-based approaches. Further, insufficient recognition is given to community-centered connectivity initiatives, which have emerged to provide Internet access to communities where commercial options are not available or viable. We also believe that technical capacity building is essential for bridging digital divides, and note that much of this capacity building is provided by the technical community.

We encourage the co-facilitators to build on this momentum by addressing the remaining gaps and ensuring the WSIS+20 outcomes reinforce an open, inclusive, and sustainable digital future. The Internet Society remains committed to supporting this process and contributing to its success. The comments above provide some overarching reflections on the Zero Draft. They are complemented by the matrix below, which offers specific paragraph-level feedback and suggestions aimed at further improving the final resolution text. In the interests of facilitating agreement on the text, many of the proposed improvements leverage already agreed language from the WSIS+10 outcome document, the Global Digital Compact, ECOSOC resolutions, and other previously agreed documents.

This document represents the ongoing effort carried out by the Internet Society to identify how the language proposed in the WSIS+20 Zero Draft aligns with the vision of an open, globally connected, secure, and trustworthy Internet for everyone. The paragraphs have been identified as containing positive (POS), needing improvements (IMP), or concerning (CON) language. The rationale offered in this document is the result of the collaboration among the Internet Society staff, community members, and partners.



POS	IMP	CON	WSIS+20 ZERO DRAFT TEXT	INTERNET SOCIETY COMMENTS
			Introduction	
X			1. We reaffirm our common desire and commitment to build a	Retain language.
			people-centred, inclusive and development-oriented Information	
			Society, where everyone can create, access, utilise and share	It is crucial that the Zero Draft reaffirms the first paragraphs of
			information and knowledge, enabling individuals, communities	the Declaration of Principles and the WSIS+10 outcome
			and peoples to achieve their full potential in promoting their	document as they set out the common vision for the
			sustainable development and improving their quality of life,	Information Society.
			premised on the purposes and principles of the Charter of the	
			United Nations and respecting fully and upholding the Universal	Note: Reaffirms the Declaration of Principles and the WSIS+10
			Declaration of Human Rights.	outcome document, which states:
				1. Wedeclare our common desire and commitment to build a people-centered, inclusive and development-oriented Information Society, where everyone can create, access, utilise and share information and knowledgerespecting fully and upholding the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
X			2. We further reaffirm our commitment to the Geneva Declaration	Retain language.
			of Principles, the Geneva Plan of Action, the Tunis Commitment	
			and the Tunis Agenda for the Information Society.	These commitments are essential to achieve the WSIS vision of
				a people-centred, inclusive and development-oriented
				Information Society.
X			3. We reaffirm the value and principles of multi-stakeholder	Retain language.
			cooperation and engagement that have characterized the World	
			Summit on the Information Society process since its inception, and	



recognise that effective participation, partnership and cooperation of Governments, the private sector, civil society, international organisations, the technical and academic communities and all other relevant stakeholders, with balanced representation of all countries has been and continues to be vital in developing the Information Society, including the implementation of Summit outcomes.

This reaffirmation of values and principles of multistakeholder cooperation and engagement is essential for the future of the Information Society. It reaffirms the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:

3. We reaffirm, moreover, the value and principles of multistakeholder cooperation and engagement that have characterized the World Summit on the Information Society process since its inception, and recognise the effective participation, partnership and cooperation of...all relevant stakeholders...

X

4. We reaffirm that the full inclusion of developing country governments and other stakeholders is critical to achieving the WSIS vision. Addressing this requires attention to capacity building, the sharing, transfer and development of technology, and financial resources to promote equitable access and innovation. We will address the diverse needs and challenges faced by countries in special situations, in particular African countries, Least Developed Countries (LDCs), Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs) and Small Island Developing States (SIDS).

Retain language.

We welcome the focus on the diverse needs and challenges faced by countries in special situations, in particular African countries, Least Developed Countries (LDCs), Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs) and Small Island Developing States (SIDS). The language offers clear linkages to the GDC and builds on the WSIS+10 outcome document which states:

7. We acknowledge that particular attention should be paid to address the unique and emerging information and communications technology challenges facing all countries, in particular developing countries, including African countries, least developed countries, landlocked



			developing countries and small island developing states
			and middle-income countries
X		5. We recognise that many developing nations face barriers to	Retain language.
		participating fully in global digital governance and policy-making	
		processes due to financial, technical, and institutional constraints.	This echoes the call made in paragraph 9 of the Tunis Agenda to
		We encourage governments and other stakeholders to ensure that	assist developing countries, which states:
		decision-making processes concerned with the Information	
		Society enable full and effective participation by developing	9. We call upon the international community to promote
		countries.	the transfer of technology on mutually agreed terms,
			including ICTs, to adopt policies and programmes with a
			view to assisting developing countries to take
			advantage of technology in their pursuit of
			development through, inter alia, technical cooperation
			and the building of scientific and technological capacity
			in our efforts to bridge the digital and development
			divides.
	X	6. We welcome the tremendous growth in connectivity and	Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document text to highlight
		development of the Internet, social media and other applications	the value of the contribution of both public and private
		that has taken place since the World Summit. These improvements	sectors and reflect on the evolution of ICTs and development
		have enhanced the ability of governments, businesses, civil	without naming specific aspects like social media.
		society and other organisations and individuals to develop and	
		deploy applications and digital resources that can play a central	Notably, paragraph 4 of the WSIS+10 outcome document
		role in driving economic growth, social development and	states:
		innovation.	
			4. We welcome the remarkable evolution and diffusion
			of information and communications technologies,



			underpinned by the contributions of both public and
			private sectors, which have seen penetration into almost
			all corners of the globe, created new opportunities for
			social interaction, enabled new business models and
			contributed to economic growth and development in all
			other sectors, while noting the unique and emerging
			challenges related to their evolution and diffusion.
			This language (above) could replace paragraphs 6 and 7 of the
			Zero Draft.
	X	7. We note that the widespread availability of the Internet has	Strike to streamline the text as recommended in the
		transformed traditional structures of public discourse. This has had	comments above concerning paragraph 6 of the Zero Draft,
		significant impacts on societal behaviour, policy-making processes	by aligning with the language reflected in the WSIS+10
		and the dynamics of information reliability and public trust.	outcome document.
			4while noting the unique and emerging challenges
			related to their evolution and diffusion.
х		8. We recognise that digital development and digital inclusion are	Retain language.
		critical instruments in enabling progress towards the Sustainable	
		Development Goals and encourage close alignment between the	It is important to recognize the role of digital development and
		World Summit process and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable	digital inclusion in enabling progress towards the Sustainable
		Development. We reaffirm the importance of cooperation to	Development Goals (SDGs) and the 2030 Agenda.
		ensure that the benefits of digital cooperation are fairly	
		distributed and do not exacerbate existing inequalities or impede	
		the full achievement of sustainable development.	



X		9. We recognise that the outcomes of the World Summit are	Retain language.
		anchored in international law, including international human rights	
		law, and reaffirm that all human rights, including civil, political,	We welcome the inclusion of the agreed language from the
		economic, social and cultural rights, and fundamental freedoms,	GDC, which states:
		must be respected, protected and promoted online and offline.	
			8(c). This Compact is anchored in international law,
			including international human rights law. All human
			rights, including civil, political, economic, social and
			cultural rights, and fundamental freedoms, must be
			respected
	х	10. We are committed to fostering an inclusive, open, safe and	Align with the GDC.
		secure digital space that respects, protects and promotes human	7. Ingil With the CDC.
		rights, including civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights,	We propose adding: "We recognize that governments, the
		fundamental freedoms and the rights of the child, the rights of	private sector, civil society, the technical community,
		persons with disabilities and the right to development.	academia and international and regional organizations, in their
		persons with disabilities and the right to development.	
			respective roles and responsibilities, are essential to advancing
			an inclusive, open, safe and secure digital future.", as stated in
			the GDC:
			8(k). Governments, the private sector, civil society, the
			technical community, academia and international and
			regional organizations, in their respective roles and
			responsibilities, are essential to advance an inclusive,
			open, safe and secure digital future. Our cooperation
			will be multi-stakeholder and harness the contributions
			of all;



	X	11. We recognise that the achievement of universal meaningful and	Align with the GDC.
		affordable access to information and communications	
		technologies and the Internet, including the ability of people in all	We propose adding "connectivity" after "meaningful" as both
		communities to create, access and use digital technologies, is	connectivity and access are fundamental for unlocking the full
		fundamental to achieving a people-centred, inclusive and	potential of digital and emerging technologies. This aligns with
		development-oriented Information Society.	the GDC, which states:
			10. We acknowledge the pivotal role of universal and meaningful connectivity and affordable access in unlocking the full potential of digital and emerging technologies.
	х	12. We are concerned that there remain critical digital divides	Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document.
		between and within countries in access to and use of digital	
		technologies. These constrain the achievement of WSIS goals,	We propose adding "strengthening enabling policy
		restrict the achievement of economic and social development,	environments and" after "Bridging them requires" as this is an
		threaten to increase social and economic inequalities and may be	important aspect needed to close digital divides. This aligns
		exacerbated by new technological developments. Bridging them	with the WSIS+10 document, which states:
		requires measures concerned not just with connectivity but with	
		the affordability of networks and devices, the availability of	6through, among other actions, strengthened
		relevant content and services in local languages, and the	enabling policy environments and international
		development of digital skills, literacy and capabilities.	cooperation to improve affordability, access, education,
			capacity-building, multilingualism, cultural preservation,
			investment and appropriate financing.
x		13. We reaffirm that gender equality and the empowerment of all	Retain language and add language.
		women and girls, and their full, equal and meaningful participation	
		in the digital space, are essential to close the gender digital divide	



		and advance sustainable development. Our cooperation will	We appreciate that the GDC commitments on gender equality
		empower all women and girls, encourage leadership of women,	and empowerment are reaffirmed in the zero draft. It is also an
		mainstream a gender perspective and counter and eliminate all	opportunity to commit to empowerment of youth, which are
		forms of violence, including sexual and gender-based violence	currently estimated to be 16% of the global population
		that occurs through or is amplified by the use of technology.	(https://www.un.org/en/global-issues/youth).
			The GDC states:
			8(d). Gender equality and the empowerment of all
			women and girls and their full, equal and meaningful
			participation in the digital space are essential to close
			the gender digital divide and advance sustainable
			development
X		14. We are committed to addressing the access and specific	Retain and add language.
		information and technology challenges facing children,	
		adolescents and young people, the elderly, persons with	We strongly support the commitment to address the challenges
		disabilities, Indigenous Peoples and marginalised communities,	faced by these communities.
		and to the needs of future generations.	
			We propose adding "We are committed to empowering these
			communities to be able participate effectively in achieving the
			WSIS and Sustainable Development Goals."
x		15. We recognise that the pace and power of emerging	Retain language.
		technologies are creating new possibilities but also new risks for	
		humanity, some of which are not yet fully known. We recognise	We appreciate the linkages to the GDC, which states:
		the need to identify and mitigate risks and to ensure human	



		oversight of technology in ways that advance sustainable	3. We recognize that the pace and power of emerging
		development and the full enjoyment of human rights.	technologies are creating new possibilities but also new
			risks for humanity, some of which are not yet fully
			known. We recognize the need to identify and mitigate
			risks and to ensure human oversight of technology in
			ways that advance sustainable development and the full
			enjoyment of human rights.
X		16. We also recognise that building confidence and security in ICTs	Retain language.
		is critical to ensuring the implementation of WSIS goals, and that	
		advancing digital inclusion requires a predictable and transparent	We welcome the agreed language from the GDC, which states:
		enabling environment that encompasses policy, legal and	
		regulatory frameworks that support innovation, protect consumer	19. Advancing digital inclusion requires a predictable and
		rights, nurture digital talent and skills, promote fair competition	transparent enabling environment that encompasses
		and digital entrepreneurship, and enhance consumer confidence	policy, legal and regulatory frameworks that support
		and trust in the digital economy.	innovation, protect consumer rights, nurture digital
			talent and skills, promote fair competition and digital
			entrepreneurship, and enhance consumer confidence
			and trust in the digital economy.
		Information and communications technologies for	
		development	
	х	17. We are convinced that information and communications	Align with the approach taken in the WSIS+10 outcome
		technologies have demonstrated great potential to contribute to	document, by integrating the section "Social and economic
		advancing human welfare and prosperity and the achievement of	development" into the section "Information and
		the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Their rapidly	communication technologies for development" of the zero
		increasing capabilities and growing pervasiveness have enabled	draft.
		tremendous growth in the range of applications for development	



		deployed by governments, the private sector and other	To improve the structure and streamline, we suggest reverting
		stakeholders, creating new opportunities to improve productivity,	to the original WSIS+10 format by joining the sections together.
		prosperity and quality of life.	This would help in removing redundancies, avoiding overlaps
			with other sections, and improving the overall structure of the
			document. Our comments on the next paragraphs in this section
			are built upon this streamlining suggestion.
	х	18. We are deeply concerned, however, that the capacity of these	Strike paragraph 18 of the zero draft.
		technologies to support development remains constrained by	
		digital divides and inequalities between and within countries,	We appreciate the reference to digital divides and note that this
		regions and communities. A third of the world's population still	topic is covered elsewhere in the document. We suggest
		does not make use of the Internet, while many people with access	streamlining this section by focusing substantively on ICT for
		make little use of it for reasons that include lack of affordability,	development. We therefore recommend removing this
		limited content including content in locally relevant languages,	paragraph and integrating the paragraphs from the "Social and
		and limited digital skills. Strengthened international cooperation	economic development" section.
		and enabling policy environments are required to address gaps in	
		access and affordability, digital skills, financing and technological	
		resources.	
х		19. We recognise the work of the United Nations Group on the	Streamline by moving the paragraph to the "Follow up and
		Information Society to develop a matrix aligning the outcomes of	review" section of the Zero Draft.
		the World Summit on the Information Society with the Sustainable	
		Development Goals and the Global Digital Compact and urge all	While we appreciate the need to emphasize the need to align
		stakeholders to align these commitments in their work for digital	the outcomes of WSIS, the SDGs, and the GDC commitment, we
		development.	recognize that the UNGIS's work is addressed in paragraphs 141
			and 142 address. To avoid redundancies and streamline the
			document, we recommend that this language is reflected in the
			relevant section.



X

20. We acknowledge that developing digital public goods and digital public infrastructure are critical drivers of inclusive digital transformation and innovation and recognise the need to increase investment in their successful development with the participation of all stakeholders. Digital public goods include open-source software, open data, open artificial intelligence models, open standards and open content that adhere to privacy and other applicable international laws, standards and best practices and do no harm, empower societies and individuals to direct digital technologies to their development needs and can facilitate digital cooperation and investment. Resilient, safe, inclusive and interoperable digital public infrastructure has the potential to deliver services at scale and increase social and economic opportunities for all. We recognise that there are multiple models of digital public infrastructure, and we recognise that each society will develop and use shared digital systems according to its particular priorities and needs.

Proposed additional language: "We acknowledge...increase investment in their successful [governance and] development with the participation of all stakeholders. Digital public goods [may] include open-source software, open data, open [data] models, open standards and open content that adhere to privacy and other applicable international laws, standards and best practices and do no harm, empower societies and individuals to direct digital technologies to their development needs and can facilitate digital cooperation and investment...We recognize that there are multiple models of digital public infrastructure, and we recognize that each society will develop and use shared digital systems according to its particular priorities and needs. [In this regard, we note the Universal DPI Safeguards Framework under the United Nations, as an evolving, multi-stakeholder initiative providing guidance and guardrails for the design, implementation, and oversight of digital public infrastructure, to ensure it is safe, inclusive, trusted, and responsive to users' interests]"

It is crucial to acknowledge the important role of all stakeholders in developing digital public infrastructure and digital public goods, their governance, and safeguarding fundamental rights. This paragraph should also note the UN's evolving and important multistakeholder work to outline safeguards and guardrails. Finally, we recommend replacing "artificial intelligence models" with "data models", which is more technically accurate.



		Bridging digital divides	
х		22. We note that the growth of information and communications	Align with the WSIS+10 outcomes to include other strategies
		infrastructure and services since the World Summit has been	and approaches contributing to the growth, which includes:
		achieved through a combination of private sector and public	
		investment.	38public-private partnerships, universal access
			strategies and other approaches to this end.
			Further, the paragraph should also acknowledge the important
			contributions of other stakeholders in expanding connectivity
			and access to services, notably the deployment of Internet
			Exchange Points, community networks and the development of
			open standards.
			Proposed language: "We note that the growth of information
			and communications infrastructure and services since the World
			Summit has been achieved through a combination of private
			sector and public investment. [We also recognize the
			importance of public-private partnerships, universal access
			strategies and other approaches to this end, including the
			sustained engagement of civil society, the technical and
			academic communities, and other stakeholders, whose efforts
			in building local Internet exchange points, community networks
			and open technical standards have been central to expanding connectivity and enabling inclusive access.]"
		23 We are concerned however about substantial and percistent	Retain language.
			Ketani language.
	X	x	22. We note that the growth of information and communications infrastructure and services since the World Summit has been achieved through a combination of private sector and public



	communities. The proportion of people using the Internet in high-	We appreciate the inclusion of data to make the digital divide
	income countries (93 per cent) is three and a half times that in low	clearly visible for the work and commitments outlined in this
	` · · /	
	income countries (26.5 per cent), with the proportion below 20 per	document. To strengthen the paragraph, we recommend
	cent in some countries. The proportion of the population	referencing the data sources.
	accessing the Internet in urban areas worldwide is estimated to be	
	almost 83 per cent, while that in rural areas is less than 50 per cent	
х	24. We are particularly concerned by persistent gender digital	Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document to include more
	divides. Only 77 per cent of women aged ten and over worldwide	actionable language.
	use a mobile phone compared with 82 per cent of men, while only	
	65 per cent of women are using the Internet compared with	Relevantly, the WSIS+10 outcome document states:
	almost 70 per cent of men. Women and girls are also under-	
	represented in education, employment and other areas of digital	27We call for immediate measures to achieve gender
	activity. All stakeholders have a part to play in addressing and	equality in Internet users by 2020, especially by
	rectifying these gender digital divides.	significantly enhancing women's and girls' education and
		participation in information and communications
		technologies, as users, content creators, employees,
		entrepreneurs, innovators and leaders
Х	25. We note that the United Nations Convention on the Rights of	In consultation with our Accessibility Standing Group, we
^	Persons with Disabilities affirms the right of those with disabilities	suggest considering strengthening the language by
	to access information and communications technologies,	reflecting these aspects in the text:
	including the Internet, on an equal basis. We are concerned that	- Persons with disabilities continue to face limited data on
	persons with disabilities nevertheless remain less likely to access	their connectivity and participation in society, and barriers
	the Internet. We call for concerted action by all stakeholders to	to the enjoyment of universal rights such as education and
	promote accessibility and equal access to the Internet and digital	health, which increasingly depend on digital technologies.
	resources as a priority.	- Concerns about insufficient alignment with international
		accessibility standards for websites and applications and



			concerns about limited representation in civil society
			processes.
X		26. We are further concerned that other groups that experience	Retain language.
		disadvantage are underrepresented online, including the elderly,	
		ethnic and linguistic minorities, Indigenous Peoples, refugees and	We strongly support the recognition of the needs of
		migrants. We urge all stakeholders to include the needs of people	disadvantaged and underrepresented groups and that the focus
		in vulnerable situations and those in underserved, rural and remote	that should be placed on those needs in the development and
		areas in the development and implementation of national and	implementation of strategies for digital connectivity.
		local strategies for digital connectivity.	
	х	27. We are particularly concerned that digital divides between and	Proposed language: "We urge all stakeholders to collaborate
		within regions and countries, and within societies, and the rapid	to close these digital divides."
		pace of development of digital technologies, may exacerbate	
		economic and social inequalities.	We propose this language to encourage all stakeholders to
			focus their efforts on addressing digital divides, globally,
			regionally, and locally.
	х	28. We are determined to ensure the achievement of universal	Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document.
		meaningful and affordable access to the Internet and digital	
		services, including the availability of networks offering higher	Add "local" before "content and services" to recognize the
		capabilities, the affordability of access, data and devices, the	importance of content that is locally developed, in local
		availability of content and services that respond to users' priorities	languages.
		and needs, the extent to which these are multilingual, and the	
		capabilities and resources required to make effective use of them,	This is included in the WSIS+10 outcome document which
		including information literacy, and to ensure that no one will be	states:
		left behind in the Information Society.	
			23local content and accessibility for persons with disabilities
			are now core elements of quality, and that high-speed



			broadband is already an essential enabler of sustainable development. Add "including accessibility for persons with disabilities" after "users' priorities and needs" to recognize the importance of accessibility for meaningful access to the Internet and digital services.
x		29. We are committed to achieving entry-level broadband subscription costs that are accessible to the widest section of the population.	Affordable access remains a key issue in developed as well as developing countries. We support the reaffirmation of the GDC commitment, which states: 11(b)We will aim for entry-level broadband subscription costs that are accessible to the widest section of the population
	x	30. We reiterate the need for the development of local content and services in a variety of languages and formats that are accessible to all people and recognise the vital importance of multilingualism to ensure the linguistic, cultural and historical diversity of all nations. We commend the work that has been done since the World Summit to extend the multilingual nature of the Internet, including the introduction of Internationalised Domain Names, and urge all stakeholders to ensure that the Internet and digital services become fully accessible to all, including Indigenous Peoples and speakers of minority languages.	Proposed language: "We commend the work that has been done since the World Summit to extend the multilingual nature of the Internet, including the introduction of Internationalised Domain Names and [Universal Acceptance] Ensuring that all domain names are treated equally and can be used by all Internet applications and services (i.e. Universal Acceptance) is essential for realizing a multilingual Internet.



Х			31. We reiterate the need for all users of the Internet and digital	Retain language.
			services to develop the capabilities and capacities, including	
			media, information and digital literacy skills, to develop and make	The text fully aligns with the WSIS+10 outcome document,
			more extensive use of information and communications	which states:
			technologies.	
				24. We underscore the need for further development of
				local content and services in a variety of languages and
				formats that are accessible to all people, who also need
				the capabilities and capacities, including media,
				information and digital literacy skills, to make use of and
				further develop information and communications
				technologies.
	X		32. We call on governments, multilateral development banks,	Align with the GDC, to reference innovative and blended
			relevant international organisations and the private sector to	financing mechanisms.
			develop financing mechanisms and incentives to connect the	
			unconnected to the Internet and to improve the quality and	Relevantly, the GDC states:
			affordability of connectivity.	
				11(b). Develop innovative and blended financing
				mechanisms and incentivesto connect the remaining
				2.6 billion people to the Internet and to improve the
				quality and affordability of connectivity.
			The digital economy	
		X	34. We note that there have been extensive changes in the	Strike text.
			business environment for ICTs and that digital platforms, including	



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		Social and economic development	
	х	41. We recognise that information and communications	Retain language while streamlining the sections "Social and
		technologies have contributed to higher levels of social benefit	economic development" and "Information and
		and inclusion, providing new channels for citizens, businesses and	communications technologies for development".
		governments to share and augment knowledge and to participate	
		in decisions that affect people's lives, livelihoods and social	We would like to reiterate the suggestion made in our earlier
		welfare, including the provision of public services, education,	comments to merge the section "Social and economic
		health care and employment, business and science.	development" with the "ICTs for development". This would fully
			align with the WSIS+10 approach and support streamlining the
			document. We note that our comments to the text in this
			section (paragraphs 41-48) should be considered together with
			this overarching suggestion.
X		42. We recognise that information and communications	Retain language.
		technologies have fundamentally impacted the ways in which	
		individuals and communities interact, consume and spend their	We support this language as it builds directly on the language
		time. While many of these impacts have been positive, others	from the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:
		have raised concerns, including for human rights, health,	
		employment and the welfare of individuals and communities.	17. We simultaneously recognize that information and
			communications technologies are fundamentally
			altering the way individuals and communities interact,
			consume and spend their time
	х	43. We are encouraged that many governments have established	Streamline 43-45 to align with the WSIS+10 outcome
		national strategies to leverage the opportunities of information	document, which is effective and concise in recognizing the
		and communications technologies for development, drawing on	importance of various developments.
		the framework of Action Lines agreed at the World Summit , and	
		that they also provide a range of e-government services to citizens	Relevantly, the WSIS+10 outcome document states:



	and businesses, giving access to information and advice and, in	
	many cases, the opportunity to undertake online transactions.	16. We also recognize that information and communications technologies are contributing to higher levels of social benefit and inclusion, providing new channels among citizens, businesses and Governments to share and augment knowledge, as well as participate in decisions that affect their lives and work. As envisioned by the World Summit on the Information Society action lines, we have seen information and communications technology-enabled breakthroughs in Government, including in the provision of public services, education, health care and employment, as well as in business, agriculture and science, with greater numbers of people having access to services and data that might previously have been out of reach or unaffordable."
x	44. We recognise that digitalisation has enabled new ways of providing education and training in schools, higher and adult education including innovative educational approaches such as distance learning, open educational resources and online courses. We are concerned, however, that the benefits of digitalisation are still not available to many children and young people as a result of digital divides in connectivity and educational facilities. We reaffirm our commitment to connecting every school to the Internet by 2030.	Streamline 43-45 to align with the WSIS+10 outcome document as noted above.



	х	45. We also recognise that digitalisation has enabled new ways of addressing health and medicine by facilitating dissemination of public health information, including information on reproductive rights and protection against communicable diseases, remote diagnosis to support local health workers, improved analysis of health data and improvements in clinical practice.	Streamline 43-45 to align with the WSIS+10 outcome document as noted above.
	x	46. We note that information and communications technologies have had substantial impacts on diversity of cultural expression and development of the cultural and creative sectors. We urge all stakeholders to recognise the importance of ensuring the preservation of cultural heritage and access to recorded information in the digital environment.	Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document. We propose noting that ICTs not only impact but can "support" the diversity of cultural expression, as noted in the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states: 19. We recognize that information and communications technologies are also increasingly a means to support the diversity of cultural expression and the fast growing cultural and creative industries, and we affirm that comprehensive, practical digital strategies are needed for the preservation of cultural heritage and access to recorded information in the digital environment in all its forms.
х		47. We recognise that information and communications technologies have helped governments and other stakeholders to address risks associated with natural disasters and facilitate humanitarian assistance at times of crisis through more consistent and remote monitoring of environmental and other hazards, enhancing and developing early warning systems and improving	Retain language. This text directly aligns with the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:



		preparedness, response, recovery, rehabilitation and	18. We recognize that information and communications
		reconstruction.	technologies have become important to disaster and
			humanitarian response, and further reaffirm their role in
			enhancing and developing multi-hazard early warning
			systems, preparedness, response, recovery,
			rehabilitation and reconstruction. We also encourage
			greater investments in innovation and technology
			development for long-term, multi-hazard and solution-
			driven research in the field of disaster risk management.
Х		48. We remain concerned, however, that equitable delivery of	Streamline the text to avoid redundancies.
		social and economic development programmes and opportunities	
		is hampered by digital divides, particularly in countries and	While we fully support the concerns expressed, it appears to
		communities where access is constrained by poor connectivity	overlap with other sections such as digital divides, financial
		and lack of affordability. More attention is required to digital	mechanisms, and capacity building. To avoid redundancies and
		inclusion and digital literacy, capacity building and financial	ensure streamlining of the text, we suggest this paragraph be
		mechanisms in order to achieve greater impact and ensure	removed.
		progress towards the achieving Sustainable Development Goals.	
		The enabling environment for digital development	
	х	55. We acknowledge the importance of a positive enabling	Add language and strengthen the "Enabling environment"
		environment for investment, innovation and technological	section by reflecting more of the language contained in the
		development in enabling the development and implementation of	"Enabling environment" section of the WSIS+10 outcome.
		a people-centred, inclusive and development-oriented	
		Information Society.	We are concerned that the "Enabling environment" section
			does not incorporate specific references to existing measures
			that create and facilitate enabling environment. Most of the
			key instruments are not reflected. In particular, the section



			misses the references to important acknowledgements of various measures from paragraph 29 of the WSIS+10 outcome document.
			The omission of these key elements—such as fostering competition, transparent and non-discriminatory regulatory systems, infrastructure sharing, and community-based approaches—represents a significant regression from WSIS+10. These elements are essential for fostering investment, innovation, and technological development.
x		57. We recognise that certain policies have substantially contributed to bridging digital divides and the value of information and communications technologies for sustainable development. We commit to continuing to identify and implement best and emerging practices for the establishment and functioning	Retain the language. This text directly aligns with the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:
		of education, innovation and investment frameworks for information and communications technologies.	28. We recognize that certain policies have substantially contributed to bridging digital divides and the value of information and communications technologies for sustainable development, and we commit to continuing to identify and implement best and emerging practices for the establishment and functioning of education, innovation and investment frameworks for information and communications technologies.
	х	58. We note the importance of legal and regulatory frameworks concerned with the deployment of digital services including those concerned with market structure, digital transactions, data	Align language with the WSIS+10 outcome document to address the important measures to facilitate enabling environments.



protection and data privacy, consumer rights and intellectual Relevantly, the WSIS+10 outcome document states: property, human rights and environmental impacts. 29. We recognize the importance of the free flow of information and knowledge... We acknowledge that the mainstreaming of information and communications technologies in school curricula, open access to data, the fostering of competition, the creation of transparent, predictable, independent and non-discriminatory regulatory and legal systems, proportionate taxation and licensing fees, access to finance, facilitation of public-private, partnerships, multi-stakeholder cooperation, national and regional broadband strategies, efficient allocation of the radio frequency spectrum, infrastructure sharing models, communitybased approaches and public access facilities have in many countries facilitated significant gains in connectivity and sustainable development. 59. We support international, regional and national efforts to Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document. develop enabling environments for digital transformation, including predictable and transparent policy, legal and regulatory In line with our previous comments on this section, we suggest frameworks, and sharing of best practices. We commend the work aligning the language of this paragraph with paragraph 29 of the in this context of United Nations Regional Commissions and other WSIS+20 outcomes to recognize the importance of various regional organisations. We call on all stakeholders, where measures that contribute to an enabling environment. requested, to provide technical assistance to developing



		countries, in line with national digital transformation policies and	
		priorities.	
	х	61. We request the Commission on Science and Technology for	Align with resolution E/CN.16/2025/4
		Development, and Action Line facilitators within their respective	(https://docs.un.org/E/2025/31).
		mandates and existing resources to work with all stakeholders to	
		support the enabling environment for information and	106. Calls upon all stakeholders to promote an enabling policy
		communications technologies and development and provide	environment for investment and to foster public-private
		demand-driven policy advice, technical assistance and capacity-	cooperation and partnership for sustainable investment in
		building, as appropriate, to realise them.	information and communications technology infrastructure,
			applications and services, content and digital skills, with the
			aim of ensuring the meaningful connectivity needed to
			advance the Sustainable Development Goals;
		Building confidence and security in the use of ICTs	
X		62. We reaffirm that strengthening confidence and security in the	Retain language.
		use of information and communications technologies is a crucial	
		driver for innovation and sustainable development. We reaffirm	We support the language from the WSIS+10 outcome
		that building confidence and security in the use of information and	document, which states:
		communications technologies should be consistent with human	
		rights.	48. We affirm that strengthening confidence and security
			in the use of information and communications
			technologies is a driver for economic and social
			innovation.
X		63. We commend the significant efforts that have been taken by	Retain language.
		governments, the private sector, civil society and the technical	
		community to build confidence and security in the use of digital	Aligns with the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:



	technologies and to protect infrastructure, services, transactions	49. We welcome the significant efforts by Governments,
	and other digital activity from the rising threat of cyberattacks.	the private sector, civil society, the technical community
		and academia to build confidence and security in the use
		of information and communications technologies
х	64. We recognise that we must urgently counter and address all	Add language. Strengthen by acknowledging important
	forms of violence, including sexual and gender-based violence,	safeguards as outlined in the UNGA resolution A/RES/78/213.
	which occurs through or is amplified by the use of technology, all	
	forms of hate speech and discrimination, misinformation and	It is essential to include the proposed language recognizing that
	disinformation, cyberbullying and child sexual exploitation and	technical solutions, including strong encryption,
	abuse. We will establish and maintain robust risk mitigation and	pseudonymization, and anonymity, are necessary to ensure the
	redress measures that also protect privacy and freedom of	enjoyment of human rights. These technical measures are
	expression.	fundamental to the confidentiality and integrity of the Internet
		and the essential ability to trust online.
		15. We recognise that we must urgently counter and
		address all forms of violence, including sexual and
		gender-based violence, which occurs through or is
		amplified by the use of technology, all forms of hate
		speech and discrimination, misinformation and
		disinformation, cyberbullying and child sexual
		exploitation and abuse. We will establish and maintain
		robust risk mitigation and redress measures that also
		protect privacy and freedom of expression[,
		emphasizing that, in the digital age, technical solutions
		to secure and protect the confidentiality of digital
		communications and transactions, including measures of
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			strong encryption, pseudonymization and anonymity,
			are important to ensure the enjoyment of human rights,
			and urging that such measures not be undermined or
			subject to arbitrary interference.]
	х	65. We recognise the challenges that States, in particular	Clarify by incorporating proposed language.
		developing countries, face in building confidence and security in	
		the use of information and communications technologies. We	We welcome retaining the language as reflected in paragraph
		reiterate the call made by the General Assembly in its resolution	54 of the WSIS+10 outcome document but would like to
		70/125 of 16 December 2015 for renewed focus on capacity-	highlight that the term "international norms" in cybersecurity
		building, education, knowledge-sharing and regulatory practice,	can have different meanings. It can refer to voluntary, non-
		as well as promoting multistakeholder cooperation at all levels and	binding norms, for example, on responsible state behavior. This
		raising awareness among users of information and	lack of clarity can lead to misinterpretation of the text, so we
		communications technologies, particularly among the poorest and	urge caution in using this term.
		most vulnerable. Targeted support for capacity building is needed	
		to enable all countries, particularly developing countries, to	We also suggest replacing the wording "ensure effective
		improve cybersecurity governance, align regulatory frameworks	cooperation" with "support effective cooperation", as the
		with international norms and ensure effective cooperation	CERTs/CSIRTs cooperation has a voluntary nature.
		between Computer Emergency and Computer Security Incident	
		Response Teams (CERTs/CSIRTs).	
		Capacity development	
x		66. We note that lack of capacity is a major barrier to closing digital	Retain language.
		divides, and recommend that capacity development, including for	
		innovation, be leveraged to empower local experts and local	We support this language as it builds on the WSIS+10 outcome
		communities to benefit from and contribute to information and	document, which states:
		communications technology applications for development.	



			36. We stress that capacity is a major barrier to closing digital divides, and we recommend that capacity development, including for innovation, be emphasized to empower local experts and local communities to benefit fully from and contribute to information and
			communications technology applications for development.
x		68. We recognise the importance of digital skills and lifelong access to digital learning opportunities, taking into account the specific social, cultural and linguistic needs of each society and persons of all ages and backgrounds.	Retain language. We support this language as it is aligned with the GDC, which states:
			12We recognize the importance of digital skills and lifelong access to digital learning opportunities, taking into account the specific social, cultural and linguistic needs of each society and persons of all ages and backgrounds.
х		70.We recognise the need to scale up international cooperation and financing for digital capacity development in developing countries and to support the development of local content and content relevant to local realities online. The role of Regional Commissions and other regional bodies will be particularly important in this context.	Retain language. We support this language as it aligns with the GDC, which states: 12 We recognize the need to scale up international cooperation and financing for digital capacity development in developing countries and to support the



			development of local content and content relevant to local realities online
		Financial mechanisms	10 041 7 041111 051
x		72. We recognise that harnessing ICTs for development and	Retain language.
		bridging digital divides will require further sustained investment in infrastructure and services, capacity-building, promotion of joint	The paragraph highlights the importance of financial
		research and development and transfer of technology on mutually agreed terms, with public as well as private investment.	mechanisms and builds on the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:
			35. We recognize, however, that harnessing information and communications technology for development and bridging digital divides will require greater and sustainable investment in infrastructure and services, capacity-building, promotion of joint research and development and transfer of technology on mutually agreed terms. These mechanisms remain a primary focus for all countries and people, particularly developing countries.
	Х	73. We call on all stakeholders to promote an enabling policy	Align with the language on innovated and blended financing
		environment for investment and to foster public-private	from the GDC.
		cooperation and partnership for sustainable investment in ICT	
		infrastructure, applications and services, content and digital skills,	Relevantly, the GDC states:
		including the use of universal service funds and innovative	
		financing mechanisms, with the aim of ensuring the meaningful	11 (b) Develop innovative and blended financing
		connectivity needed to advance the Sustainable Development	mechanisms and incentives, including in collaboration
		Goals.	with Governments, multilateral development banks,



			relevant international organizations and the private
			sector, to connect the remaining 2.6 billion people to the
			Internet and to improve the quality and affordability of
			connectivity.
	X	75. We recognise the critical importance of private sector	Add language for stronger alignment with the WSIS+10
	^		
		investment in information and communications technology	outcome document.
		infrastructure, content and services, and we encourage	
		Governments to create legal and regulatory frameworks	The language omits the recognition of the importance of public-
		conducive to increased investment and innovation.	private partnerships, universal access strategies and other
			approaches.
			The WSIS outcome document states:
			38. We recognize the critical importance of private
			sector investment in information and communications
			technology infrastructure, content and services, and we
			encourage Governments to create legal and regulatory
			frameworks conducive to increased investment and
			innovation. We also recognize the importance of public-
			private partnerships, universal access strategies and
			other approaches to this end.
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	Х	76. We recognise that development partners, including regional	Align with resolution E/CN.16/2025/4 to replace the
		development banks, and public funding have also played an	wording from "community networks" to "community-
		important role in financing information and communications	centred connectivity models".
		networks and services, particularly supporting their deployment in	
		areas that have been considered commercially unviable.	This language better reflects the diversity of decentralized
		Innovative mechanisms, including universal access funds and	approaches crucial for inclusive access, in the resolution, which
		community networks, have contributed to extending connectivity	states:
		in remoter areas.	
			99. Calls upon all stakeholders to keep the goal of
			bridging all digital dividesincluding through
			participative and community-centred connectivity
			model, in accordance with national regulatory
			frameworks, with a view to narrowing the digital
			divides among and within countries towards building
			information and knowledge societies;
		Data governance	
X		94. We recognize that responsible and interoperable data	Retain language.
		governance is essential to advance development objectives,	
		protect human rights, foster innovation and promote economic	The language is aligned with the GDC, and the focus on
		growth.	interoperability accurately reflects the critical challenge in
			global data governance.
	х	95. We reaffirm the approach to data governance that was	Align with the GDC, which states:
		adopted by the General Assembly in the Global Digital Compact.	
			7(4). Advance responsible, equitable and interoperable
			data governance approaches". New text: "We reaffirm



			our commitment to advance responsible, equitable and
			interoperable data governance approached.
	x	96. We note the establishment of a working group of the	Align with the GDC, which states:
		Commission on Science and Technology for Development to	
		engage in a comprehensive and inclusive multistakeholder	48to report on its progress to the General Assembly,
		dialogue on data governance at all levels as relevant for	by no later than the eighty -first session, including on
		development, including the development of recommendations	follow-up recommendations towards equitable and
		towards equitable and interoperable data governance	interoperable data governance arrangements, which
		arrangements, which may include fundamental principles of data	may include fundamental principles of data governance
		governance arrangements.	at all levels as relevant for development; proposals to
			support interoperability between national, regional and
			international data systems; considerations of sharing the
			benefits of data; and options to facilitate safe, secure
			and trusted data flows, including cross-border data
			flows as relevant for development (all SDGs).
		Artificial intelligence	
X		97. We note the significant developments that have taken place in	Retain language.
		the Informaton Society with the emergence in the public sphere	
		of artificial intelligence, which significantly advances the pace and	We appreciate that this review acknowledges the growing
		scale with which artificial intelligence is expected to have an	importance of artificial intelligence, and the impact this
		impact on many aspects of human societies, and also	technology will continue to have on the Information Society.
		acknowledge concerns about the potential negative impacts on	
		employment, labour, the environment, human rights and	
		information integrity.	



	X		98. We reaffirm the approach to international governance of	Align with the GDC, which better reflects the importance of
			artificial intelligence for the benefit of humanity that was adopted	global participation from all countries and of AI governance
			by the General Assembly in the Global Digital Compact.	being multistakeholder in nature.
				Relevantly, the GDC states:
				50. We recognize the need for a balanced, inclusive and
				risk-based approach to the governance of artificial
				intelligence (AI), with the full and equal representation
				of all countries, especially developing countries, and the
				meaningful participation of all stakeholders
		•	Internet governance	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
X			103. We reaffirm the working definition of Internet governance in	Retain language.
^			the Tunis Agenda for the Information Society as the development	Ketain language.
				This working definition has been the cornerstone for the
			and application by governments, the private sector and civil	
			society, in their respective roles, of shared principles, norms, rules,	Internet's governance model, and reaffirming this approach, as
			decision-making procedures, and programmes that shape the	in the current version of this paragraph, is critical for the
			evolution and use of the Internet.	Internet's continued evolution, resilience and security.
				Aligns with the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:
				58. We reiterate the working definition of Internet
				governance, set out in paragraph 34 of the Tunis Agenda,
				as the development and application by Governments,
				the private sector and civil society, in their respective
				roles, of shared principles, norms, rules, decision-making



			procedures and programmes that shape the evolution and use of the Internet.
	Х	104. We recognise that the management of the Internet as a global	Align with the GDC to recognize that Internet governance
		facility includes multilateral, transparent, democratic and multi-	must continue to be global and multistakeholder in nature.
		stakeholder processes, with the full involvement of Governments,	
		the private sector, civil society, international organizations,	27. We recognize that Internet governance must
		technical and academic communities and all other relevant	continue to be global and multi-stakeholder in nature,
		stakeholders in accordance with their respective roles and	with the full involvement of Governments, the private
		responsibilities. We reaffirm the principle agreed in the Geneva	sector, civil society, international organizations,
		Declaration of Principles that the management of the Internet	technical and academic communities and all other
		encompasses both technical and public policy issues and should	relevant stakeholders in accordance with their
		involve all stakeholders and relevant intergovernmental and	respective roles and responsibilities. We reaffirm that
		international organizations, within their respective roles and	Internet governance should continue to follow the
		responsibilities, as set out in paragraph 35 of the Tunis Agenda. We	provisions set forth in the outcomes of the summits held
		reaffirm that effective Internet governance must preserve the	in Geneva and Tunis, including in relation to enhanced
		open, free, global, interoperable, reliable and secure nature of the	cooperation.
		Internet, and reject models of state-controlled or fragmented	
		Internet architectures.	We also strongly support the reaffirmation that effective
			Internet governance must preserve the open, free, global,
			interoperable, reliable and secure nature of the Internet. We
			welcome the rejection of the models of state-controlled or
			fragmented Internet architectures. These are important points
			that must be preserved in the future revisions of the document.
X		105. We recognise the need to promote greater participation and	Retain language.
		engagement in Internet governance discussions of Governments,	
		the private sector, civil society, international organizations, the	Aligns with the WSIS+10 outcome document, which states:



		technical and academic communities and all other relevant	
		stakeholders from all countries. Measures are needed to ensure	61. We recognize that there is a need to promote greater
		more effective participation by stakeholders from developing	participation and engagement in the Internet
		countries and under-represented groups, particularly African	governance discussions of Governments, the private
		countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing	sector, civil society, international organizations, the
		countries and small island developing states.	technical and academic communities and all other
			relevant from developing countries, particularly African
			countries, least developed countries, landlocked
			developing countries and small island developing States
			and middle-income countries, as well as countries in
			situations of conflict, post-conflict countries and
			countries affected by natural disasters. We call for
			strengthened, stable, transparent and voluntary funding
			mechanisms to this end.
Х		106. We recognize that the Internet is a critical global facility for	Retain language.
		inclusive and equitable digital transformation. To fully benefit all,	
		it must be open, global, interoperable, stable and secure.	The language fully aligns with the GDC, which states:
			26. We recognize that the Internet is a critical global
			facility for inclusive and equitable digital transformation.
			To fully benefit all, it must be open, global, interoperable,
			stable, and secure.
x		107. We recognise that the open, interoperable nature of the	Retain language.
		Internet has underpinned the development of an extraordinary	
		range of services and applications, reaching across the range of	We appreciate the recognition of the open and interoperable
		human society including governance, economy, development and	nature of the Internet, as it is crucial for its development and



			rights. We reaffirm the need to promote international cooperation	functioning. We also support the reaffirmation of the need for	
			among all stakeholders to prevent, identify and address risks of	cooperation among stakeholders to prevent and address the	
			fragmentation of the Internet.	risk of Internet fragmentation.	
	х		108. We reaffirm that Internet governance should continue to	Align with the WSIS+10 outcome document, without	
			follow the provisions set forth in the outcomes of the summits	reference to "enhanced cooperation", which states:	
			held in Geneva and Tunis, including in relation to enhanced		
			cooperation.	8. We reaffirm that Internet governance should continue	
				to follow the provisions set forth in the outcomes of the	
				summits held in Geneva and Tunis.	
		х	109. We recall the work of the Working Group on Enhanced	Strike paragraph 109 of the zero draft.	
			Cooperation, established by the Chair of the Commission on		
			Science and Technology for Development as requested by the	Enhanced Cooperation with regards to Internet Governance has	
			General Assembly in its resolution 70/125, to develop	been discussed in previous working groups that were unable to	
			recommendations on how to further implement enhanced	agree on a set of recommendations	
			cooperation as envisioned in the Tunis Agenda.		
		х	110. We reaffirm our commitment to improve the coordination of	Strike paragraph 110 of the zero draft.	
			the activities of international and intergovernmental organisations		
			and other stakeholders concerned with Internet governance.	We appreciate the commitment to improve coordination but	
				believe this was address in paragraphs 105 and 107.	
x			112. We applaud the successful development of the Internet	Retain language.	
			Governance Forum, established by the Secretary-General		
			following the World Summit on the Information Society, which	We welcome the recognition of the Secretary-General's	
			provides a unique platform for multistakeholder discussion of	establishment of the IGF in paragraph 72 of the Tunis Agenda.	
			Internet governance issues, including emerging issues, as reflected		
			in paragraph 72 of the Tunis Agenda for the Information Society.		



X	113. We welcome the evolution of the Internet Governance Forum	Retain language.
	from an annual meeting into an ecosystem that includes a wide	
	range of intersessional and other activities. We particularly	We strongly recommend this paragraph is retained and
	welcome the emergence of more than 170 National and Regional	commend the strong reference to National and Regional
	Internet Governance Forums, which have enhanced	Internet Governance Forums (NRIs). Further emphasis could be
	multistakeholder discussion of relevant issues in all continents,	placed on the important role these NRIs play in Internet
	many sub-regions and a majority of Member States. We also	governance, by also noting the work of sub-regional IGF and
	welcome the establishment by the Secretary-General of the	Youth initiatives.
	Forum's Leadership Panel.	
х	114. We recognise the successful steps that have been taken since	Retain language.
	the ten-year review of the World Summit to improve the working	
	modalities of the Internet Governance Forum, increase and	Generally, aligns with the GDC commitments.
	broaden the participation of governments and other stakeholders,	
	particularly from developing countries and under-represented	28 (b). Support the Internet Governance Forum,
	groups, build stronger relationships with other digital discussion	including through continued efforts to increase diverse
	fora, and enable more substantive outcomes that can achieve	participation from Governments and other stakeholders
	greater impact. We call for these measures to continue and	from developing countries and the provision of
	request the Forum to report annually on progress towards their	voluntary funding also to this end.
	implementation to the Commission on Science and Technology for	
	Development.	
X	115. We decide that the Internet Governance Forum shall be made	Retain language.
	a permanent forum of the United Nations.	
		We strongly support the permanent mandate for the Internet
		Governance Forum.
Х	116. We call upon the Forum to report on outcomes of its annual	Retain language.
	meetings and intersessional work to relevant UN entities and	



	proce	esses, and call, in particular, on the UN Group on Information	This is important to ensure that insights from the IGF are
	Socie	ty and all relevant UN agencies, Action Line Facilitators, the	coordinated with other WSIS processes, and the UN as a whole.
	Comr	nission on Science and Technology for Development and the	This helps avoid duplication, while also strengthening work on
	WSIS	Forum to duly take Internet Governance Forum outcomes	those areas of most urgent need.
	into a	ccount in their work and proceedings.	
	117. V	Ve further call upon the Forum to enhance its working	Retain language.
	moda	lities, including by reinforcing its intersessional work and	
	suppo	orting national and regional initiatives, and to apply	The intersessional work of the IGF, and its support to national
	innov	ative, open, inclusive, transparent and agile collaboration	and regional IGFs has been important innovations since the IGFs
	meth	ods. We emphasize the need to broaden the participation of	inception. We strongly support these developments and
	all i	relevant stakeholders, with particular attention to	recognize the potential to strengthen their role in the IGF.
	unde	rrepresented communities as well as Governments and other	However, as noted in the next paragraph, this will require
	stake	holders from developing countries.	additional and sustainable funding of the IGF Secretariat.
Х	118. W	e call for the strengthening of the Secretariat of the Internet	Proposed language: "and invite the Secretary-General to
	Gove	rnance Forum, to enable it to continue its development,	make proposals, [developed in collaboration with existing
	imple	ment further improvements and support the work of	IGF funders and other stakeholders,] concerning future
	Natio	nal and Regional Internet Governance Forums and	funding for the Forum [that ensure stable, predictable, and
	inters	essional activities, and invite the Secretary-General to make	sustainable financial support while preserving its
	propo	osals concerning future funding for the Forum.	independence.]
			We welcome the call to strengthen the IGF Secretariat to
			enable continued development, implementation, and
			improvements needed, as well as the need to support the work
			of NRIs. However, we would like to see stronger language on
			the future funding of the IGF Forum.



			The historical reliance on ad-hoc voluntary funding (referenced
			in GDC Para 29(b)) has led to instability. To ensure the IGF's
			effectiveness while preserving its independence and essential
			multistakeholder character, the text must call for stable,
			predictable, and sustainable funding mechanisms.
		The development of the WSIS framework	
x		120. We recognise that multistakeholder participation has been	Retain language.
		crucial to the success of the World Summit's implementation	
		framework, drawing expertise and experience from governments,	We commend the recognition of the role of multistakeholder
		international organisations, the private sector, civil society, the	participation.
		technical community and academia. We reaffirm the values and	
		principles of multistakeholder cooperation and engagement that	
		were established at the Summit, reaffirmed in General Assembly	
		resolution 70/125, and reinforced in the Global Digital Compact.	
X		122. We recognise the importance of ensuring alignment of	Retain language.
		implementation of the World Summit on the Information Society,	
		the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Pact for the	We fully support recognizing the importance of aligning the
		Future and the Global Digital Compact, building synergies	World Summit on the Information Society, 2030 Agenda for
		between them to ensure their effective implementation and	Sustainable Development, Pact for the Future, and the Global
		avoiding wasteful duplication of resources and decision-making	Digital Compact.
		processes. We recognise in particular the importance of enabling	
		all countries and stakeholders to play a full part in achieving their	
		fulfilment.	
	х	128. We call on Action Line facilitators to ensure close alignment	Proposed language: "We call on Action Line facilitators to
		with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development when	ensure close alignment with [the Global Digital Compact]
			and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development when



		considering new work to implement the outcomes of the World	considering new work to implement the outcomes of the
		Summit, according to their existing mandates and resources.	World Summit, according to their existing mandates and
			resources.
			We welcome the need to align the action lines with the 2030
			agenda and would like to see a call for close alignment to the
			GDC commitments as well.
X		129. We further request Action Line facilitators to develop	Retain language.
		implementation roadmaps for their Action Lines, including	
		potential targets, indicators and metrics to facilitate monitoring	The paragraph proposes an important improvement on how to
		and measurement, and to report on the outcomes of this review	enhance the measurement of the action line implementation.
		to the 30th session of the Commission on Science and Technology	
		for Development in 2027.	
	х	130. We recognise the importance of human rights to the	We propose strengthening the language by replacing the
		implementation of all Action Lines and call on the Office of the	wording "call on" in relation to the Office of UNHCR with
		United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to play a part	"request",
		in the facilitation and assessment of all Action Lines.	
			Proposed language: "We recognise the importance of human
			rights to the implementation of all Action Lines and [request]
			the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human
			Rights to play a part in the facilitation and assessment of all
			Action Lines.
х		133. We commit to strengthen international cooperation to close	Retain language.
		the current serious gaps on data for development and to increase	
		its public availability. We will champion the responsible use and	We believe this paragraph is valuable in emphasizing the
			importance of tracking progress, through open and publicly



sharing of data within and between countries to advance progress available data, in implementing the across the Sustainable Development Goals. stakeholder accountability for			
across the Sustainable Development Goals. stakeholder accountability for	implementing shared		
	commitments.		
x 136. To this end, we request the Partnership on Measuring ICT for Retain language.			
Development, in cooperation with the Action Line facilitators, to			
undertake a systematic review of existing indicators and We welcome the request to undertake	-		
methodologies, and to report its findings to the 29th session of the the existing indicators and methodologies	ogies to inform the future		
Commission on Science and Technology for Development in 2026, development of monitoring and	measurement of the		
with a further consolidated progress report to the 30th session of Information Society.			
the Commission in 2027, in order to inform the future development			
of monitoring and measurement of the Information Society.			
Follow-up and review			
x 140. We stress the need to ensure convergence between the Align with the language from E/CN.	.16/2025/4 to strengthen		
implementation of the World Summit outcomes and the Global the text,			
Digital Compact to avoid duplication and enhance synergies,			
efficiencies and thereby impact. 4. Reaffirms the overarching	4. Reaffirms the overarching World Summit vision to		
build a people-centred, inclu	build a people-centred, inclusive and development-		
oriented information society	y as the foundation for		
aligning the World Summit sys	stem and implementation		
of the Global Digital Compa	eact, contributing to the		
achievement of the Sustainabl	le Development Goals.		
x 141. We call for continuation of the work of the United Nations Strengthen the call for multistakeho	older advice by aligning		
Group on the Information Society (UNGIS) as a platform for with the language from the Tunis Ag	genda, which states:		
multistakeholder dialogue, partnership-building and review of			
progress on digital development. We request the UN Secretary- 110. The coordination	of multi-stakeholder		
General to strengthen the agility, efficiency and effectiveness of implementation activities v	would help to avoid		



	UNGIS as the United Nations system's inter-agency stewardship	duplication of activities. This should include, inter alia,
	mechanism for advancing policy coherence and programme	information exchange, creation of knowledge, sharing of
	coordination on digital matters, including by expanding its	best practices, and assistance in developing multi-
	membership with further United Nations entities with	stakeholder and public-private partnerships.
	responsibilities in matters of digital cooperation, such as the Office	
	of Digital and Emerging Technologies and the Office of the High	
	Commissioner on Human Rights, the United Nations Entity for	
	Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN-Women),	
	as well as multistakeholder advice to its work as appropriate.	
х	142. We note with appreciation the matrix prepared by the United	Per our earlier comment, we propose that paragraph 19 is
	Nations Group on the Information Society, which maps the Global	streamlined here.
	Digital Compact objectives to existing World Summit structures,	
	mechanisms and activities, offering a structured approach for	
	effective follow-up and implementation of the Compact. We	
	request that the United Nations Group on the Information Society	
	develop a joint implementation road map, to be presented to the	
	Commission on Science and Technology for Development at its	
	twenty-ninth session in 2026, to integrate the Global Digital	
	Compact commitments into the World Summit architecture,	
	ensuring a unified approach to digital cooperation that avoids	
	duplication and maximizes resource efficiency.	
Х	145. We recognise the role of the Commission on Science and	We welcome the language recognizing the CSTD's role in
	Technology for Development in reviewing and assessing progress	assessing the progress made in the implementation of the
	made in implementing the World Summit on Information Society	WSIS outcomes and the GDC commitments. However, to
	outcomes, requests the Commission further to review and assess	strengthen coordination, we suggest recognizing the role of
	progress made in implementing the Global Digital Compact	



		commitments, and further call upon the Commission to advise	UNGIS, as proposed in paragraph 141 and 142 of the zero
		ECOSOC thereon, including through the elaboration of strategic	draft.
			diait.
		guidance and recommendations aimed at furthering the	
		implementation of these outcomes and commitments.	
X		148. We request the General Assembly to hold a high-level meeting	Retain language.
		on the overall review of the implementation of the outcomes of	
		the World Summit on the Information Society in 2035, involving	The text closely aligns with the language of the WSIS+10
		the input and participation of all stakeholders, including in the	outcome document, which states:
		preparatory process, to take stock of progress and challenges	
		concerning the outcomes of the World Summit and identify areas	72We accordingly request the General Assembly to
		of continued focus.	hold a high-level meeting on the overall review of the
			implementation of the outcomes of the World Summit
			on the Information Society in 2025, involving the input
			and participation of all stakeholders, including in the
			preparatory process, to take stock of progress on the
			outcomes of the World Summit and identify both areas
			of continued focus and challenges